

000-735 DB2

IBM DB2 9.5 SQL Procedure Developer

Practice Exam: 000-735 Exams

Exam Number/Code: 000-735

Exam Name: DB2 9.5 SQL Procedure Developer

Questions and Answers: 99 Q&As

([DB2](#))



Exam : [000-735](#)

"DB2 9.5 SQL Procedure Developer", also known as 000-735 exam, is a IBM certification. With the complete collection of questions and answers, TestInside has assembled to take you through 99 Q&As to your 000-735

Exam preparation. In the 000-735 exam resources, you will cover every field and category in IBM Certification helping to ready you for your successful IBM Certification.

Quality and Value for the 000-735 Exam TestInside Practice Exams for IBM **DB2** Certification 000-735 are written to the highest standards of technical accuracy, using only certified subject matter experts and published authors for development.

TestInside provide the professional Q&A.

1. We offer free update service for three month.

After you purchase our product, we will offer free update in time for three month.

2. High quality and Value for the 000-735 Exam.

000-735 simulation test questions, including the examination question and the answer, complete by our senior IT lecturers and the DB2 product experts, included the current newest 000-735 examination questions.

3. 100% Guarantee to Pass Your DB2 exam and get your DB2 Certification.

If you do not pass the IBM Certification 000-735 exam (DB2 9.5 SQL Procedure Developer) on your first attempt using our TestInside testing engine and pdf file, we will give you a FULL REFUND of your purchasing fee.

use TestInside 000-735 Q&A ensure you pass the exam at your first try.

TestInside professional provide DB2 000-735 the newest Q&A, completely covers 000-735 test original topic. With our complete DB2 resources, you will minimize your DB2 cost and be ready to pass your 000-735 tests on Your First Try, 100% Money Back Guarantee included!

[IBM 000-735](#) Test belongs to one of the DB2 certified test, if needs to obtain the DB2 certificate, you also need to participate in other related test, the details you may visit the [DB2](#) certified topic, in there, you will see all related DB2 certified subject of examination.

TestInside Testing Engine Features

Comprehensive questions and answers about 000-735 exam

000-735 exam questions accompanied by exhibits

Verified Answers Researched by Industry Experts and almost 100% correct

000-735 exam questions updated on regular basis

Same type as the certification exams, 000-735 exam preparation is in multiple-choice questions (MCQs).

Tested by multiple times before publishing

Try free 000-735 exam demo before you decide to buy it in Test-Inside.com.

Note: This pdf demo do not include the question's picture.

Exam : IBM 000-735

Title : DB2 9.5 SQL Procedure Developer

1. Given the statements shown below:

```
DECLARE c_dept CURSOR WITH HOLD FOR
SELECT * FROM dept;
OPEN c_dept;
```

Which two conditions are true? (Choose two.)

- A. C_DEPT will remain open after a ROLLBACK.
- B. C_DEPT will remain open after a COMMIT.
- C. C_DEPT will be returned to the caller of the routine.
- D. C_DEPT will be positioned before the next logical row.
- E. All locks held by C_DEPT will be released after a COMMIT.

Answer: BD

2. Click the Exhibit button.

```
CREATE FUNCTION sum(a INT, b INT)
RETURNS INTEGER
SPECIFIC sum_of_2
RETURN a + b;
CREATE FUNCTION sum(a INT, b INT, c INT)
RETURNS INTEGER
SPECIFIC sum_of_3
RETURN a + b + c;
```

Given the two functions in the exhibit, what is the correct command to invoke the function which calculates the sum of two numbers from an SQL procedure?

- A. SELECT sum_of_2 FROM table1;
- B. SELECT sum(2,4,?);
- C. SET res_sum = sum(2,6);
- D. CALL sum(?, ?, ?);

Answer: C

3. Which statement will successfully create an SQL procedure that returns the name of the current month?

- A. CREATE PROCEDURE proc.current_month(OUT month VARCHAR(20))
BEGIN
DECLARE today DATE;
SET (today = CURRENT_DATE);
SET month = MONTHNAME(today);
END
- B. CREATE PROCEDURE proc.current_month(OUT month VARCHAR(20))
BEGIN
DECLARE today DATE;
SELECT (CURRENT_DATE) INTO today;
SET month = MONTHNAME(today);
END
- C. CREATE PROCEDURE proc.current_month(OUT month VARCHAR(20))

```

BEGIN
DECLARE today DATE;
VALUES (CURRENT_DATE) INTO today;
SET month = MONTHNAME(today);
END
D. CREATE PROCEDURE proc.current_month(OUT month VARCHAR(20))
BEGIN
SET month = MONTHNAME(SELECT (CURRENT_DATE))
END
Answer: C

```

4. Click the Exhibit button.

Given the following SQL procedure:

```

CREATE PROCEDURE test1 (IN someid CHAR(3), OUT status INT)
BEGIN
DECLARE SQLCODE INTEGER DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE count INTEGER DEFAULT 0;
SET status = 0;
IF (LENGTH(someid) < 3) THEN
RETURN -3;
GOTO exit;
ELSE
SELECT COUNT(deptno) INTO count FROM dept WHERE admrdept=someid;
IF(SQLCODE<>0) THEN
RETURN -1;
ELSE
SET status = COUNT;
RETURN 0;
END IF;
END IF;
exit:
RETURN -2;
END

```

Where the DEPT table consists of:

```

DEPTNO DEPTNAME
MGRNO ADMRDEPT

```

```

-----
-----

```

```

A00 SPIFFY COMPUTER SERVICE DIV. 000010 A00
B01 PLANNING 000020 A00
C01 INFORMATION CENTER 000030 A00
D01 DEVELOPMENT CENTER - A00
D11 MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS 000060 D01
D21 ADMINISTRATION SYSTEMS 000070 D01

```

If the procedure TEST1 shown in the exhibit is called with the value 'A00' specified for the SOMEID parameter, what is the expected return code?

- A. 0
- B. -1
- C. -2
- D. -3

Answer: A

5. Given the variable declaration shown below:

DECLARE v_mydate DATE;

Which statement will assign a value to the variable V_MYDATE?

- A. VALUES CURRENT TIME INTO v_mydate;
- B. VALUES CURRENT TIMESTAMP INTO v_mydate;
- C. SELECT CURRENT TIMESTAMP INTO v_mydate FROM SYSIBM.SYSDUMMY1;
- D. SELECT CURRENT DATE INTO v_mydate FROM SYSIBM.SYSDUMMY1;

Answer: D

6. Which CREATE PROCEDURE statement option should be used if you plan on issuing a DECLARE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE statement from within the SQL procedure body?

- A. CONTAINS SQL
- B. READS SQL DATA
- C. MODIFIES SQL DATA
- D. LANGUAGE SQL

Answer: C

7. Given the SQL statement shown below:

```
DECLARE test CURSOR FOR
SELECT hiredate
FROM employee
FOR UPDATE;
```

Which statement correctly describes the cursor that is created?

- A. The cursor will be considered a read-only cursor.
- B. The cursor can only be used to perform positioned updates.
- C. The cursor can only be used to perform positioned deletes.
- D. The cursor can be used to perform positioned updates and deletes.

Answer: D

8. Which steps must be followed to return a result set from an SQL procedure?

- A. 1. Create the procedure using the DYNAMIC RESULT SETS clause.
- 2. Declare the cursor.
- 3. Open the cursor in the SQL procedure.
- 4. Close the cursor.
- 5. Return to the application.
- B. 1. Create the procedure using the DYNAMIC RESULT SETS clause.
- 2. Declare the cursor using the WITH RETURN clause.
- 3. Open the cursor in the SQL procedure.
- 4. Return to the application.
- C. 1. Create the procedure using the WITH RETURN clause.
- 2. Declare the cursor using the DYNAMIC RESULT SETS clause.
- 3. Open the cursor in the SQL procedure.
- 4. Return to the application.
- D. 1. Create the procedure using the WITH RETURN clause.
- 2. Declare the cursor using the DYNAMIC RESULT SETS clause.
- 3. Open the cursor in the SQL procedure.
- 4. Close the cursor.

Answer: B

9. What will be the initial value of V_MAX in the declaration statement shown below?

```
DECLARE v_max DECIMAL(9,2);
```

- A. 0.0
- B. 2
- C. 9

D. NULL

Answer: D

10. What demonstrates the correct syntax for assigning three rows to the EMPNO, FIRSTNAME, and LASTNAME columns of a table named EMPLOYEE?

- A. INSERT INTO employee (empno, firstname, lastname)
VALUES (100, 200, 300, 'John', 'Jane', 'Paul', 'Doe', 'Smith', 'Jones')
- B. INSERT INTO employee (empno, firstname, lastname)
VALUES (100, 'John', 'Doe'), (200, 'Jane', 'Smith'), (300, 'Paul', 'Jones')
- C. SET (empno, firstname, lastname)
VALUES (100, 200, 300, 'John', 'Jane', 'Paul', 'Doe', 'Smith', 'Jones')
- D. SET (empno, firstname, lastname)
VALUES (100, 'John', 'Doe'), (200, 'Jane', 'Smith'), (300, 'Paul', 'Jones')

Answer: B

11. Which statement should be used to declare an array with at most 10 elements of type INTEGER?

- A. DECLARE sub_total INTEGER[10];
- B. DECLARE sub_total[10] INTEGER;
- C. CREATE TYPE sub_total AS INTEGER[10];
- D. CREATE TYPE sub_total[10] AS INTEGER;

Answer: C

12. Given the statement shown below:

```
SELECT ROW CHANGE TOKEN FOR dept, RID_BIT (dept)
FROM dept WHERE deptno = 'A00' WITH UR
```

Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The statement is selecting two columns from DEPT table.
- B. The statement will allow the latest ROW CHANGE TOKEN value to be returned.
- C. The statement will allow the earliest ROW CHANGE TOKEN value to be returned.
- D. The statement will return a TIMESTAMP value.
- E. The statement uses optimistic locking.

Answer: BE

13. Given the variable declaration shown below:

```
DECLARE v_mytime TIME;
```

Which statement will assign a value to the variable named V_MYTIME?

- A. SET v_mytime = TIME;
- B. VALUES CURRENT TIME INTO v_mytime;
- C. VALUES CURRENT TIMESTAMP INTO v_mytime;
- D. SET v_mytime = DATE;

Answer: B

14. Which statement can be used to define an array of 30 names that have a maximum size of 25 characters each?

- A. CREATE TYPE names AS VARCHAR(25) ARRAY[30];
- B. CREATE ARRAY names[30] VARCHAR(25);
- C. CREATE TYPE names[30] VARCHAR(25);
- D. CREATE ARRAY names AS VARCHAR(25);

Answer: A

15. What are two valid special registers? (Choose two.)

- A. CURRENT_CLIENT_ACCT

- B. CURRENT_SCHEMA
- C. CURRENT_PATH
- D. CURRENT_DATETIME
- E. CURRENT_PARTITION

Answer: BC

16. Which statement can be used to declare a variable inside an SQL procedure that can be used to represent a monetary value?

- A. DECLARE v_money MONEY;
- B. DECLARE v_money DOUBLE;
- C. DECLARE v_money DECIMAL(9,2);
- D. DECLARE v_money CURRENCY;

Answer: C

17. Which statement will assign the schema names "SYSIBM", "SYSFUN", "SYSPROC", and "SYSIBMADM" to the CURRENT_PATH special register?

- A. SET PATH = SYSTEM PATH
- B. SET CURRENT_PATH = DEFAULT
- C. SET PATH = SYSTEM DEFAULT
- D. RESET CURRENT PATH

Answer: A

18. Which statement will change the value of a special register?

- A. UPDATE SPECIAL REGISTER TIME = 12:30:00
- B. UPDATE SPECIAL REGISTER SCHEMA = 'DB2ADMIN'
- C. SET CURRENT TIME = 12:30:00
- D. SET CURRENT SCHEMA = 'DB2ADMIN'

Answer: D

19. What are two valid DECLARE statements in an SQL procedure? (Choose two.)

- A. DECLARE var1 INTEGER;
- B. DECLARE var1 DECIMAL [9];
- C. DECLARE var1 XML;
- D. DECLARE var1 CURRENT DATE;
- E. DECLARE var1[10] INTEGER;

Answer: AC

20. Click the Exhibit button.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE testproc( IN i1 INT, INOUT i3 INT)
SPECIFIC testproc
BEGIN
SET i3 = i1;
END
CREATE PROCEDURE testproc( IN i1 INT, INOUT i2 INT, INOUT i3 INT)
SPECIFIC testp
BEGIN
SET i3 = i1 * i2;
END
```

Given that the statements in the exhibits have executed successfully, which solution contains the complete set of commands that could be used to drop both procedures in the order presented?

- A. DROP PROCEDURE testp;
DROP PROCEDURE testp;
- B. DROP PROCEDURE testp;

DROP PROCEDURE testproc;
C. DROP SPECIFIC PROCEDURE testproc;
DROP PROCEDURE testproc;
D. DROP PROCEDURE testproc(INT);
DROP PROCEDURE testproc(INT);
Answer: C

[More 000-735 Information](#)

Related 000-735 Exams

[000-730](#) *DB2 9 Fundamentals*

[000-355](#) *iseries system administration v5r2*

[000-731](#) *DB2 9 DBA for Linux,UNIX and Windows*

[000-732](#) *DB2 9 for z/OS Database Administrator*

[000-700](#) *ib m db2 udb v8.1 family fundametal*

[000-735](#) *DB2 9.5 SQL Procedure Developer*

[000-702](#) *db2 udb v8.1 for z/os database administration*

[000-442](#) *ib m content manager version 8*

[000-513](#) *db2 udb v7.1 datab ase administration for unix windows % os/2*

[000-703](#) *db2 udb v8.1 familu application development*

[000-701](#) *ib m db2 udb v8.1 datab ase admin for linux unix&windows*

[000-516](#) *db2 udb datab ase administration for os/390*

[000-704](#) *db2 udb v8.1 advanced db admin for linux,unix+windwos*

[000-514](#) *db2 udb v7.1 family application development*

[000-706](#) *db2 v8.1 for linux,unix and windows db admin upgrade*

[000-541](#) *DB2 9.7 DBA for Linux UNIX and Windows*

[000-543](#) *DB2 9.7 Application Development*

Other IBM Exams

[000-648](#) [000-904](#) [LOT-803](#) [000-883](#) [000-633](#) [000-M16](#) [000-410](#) [000-204](#)

[000-428](#) [000-234](#) [000-M24](#) [000-J02](#) [000-923](#) [000-P02](#) [000-M04](#) [000-296](#)

[000-884](#) [000-443](#) [000-351](#) [000-061](#)